

















Teacher education in MIL varies considerably across Europe. While there are dedicated communities of interest in some countries/regions who include teachers, there is no single point of contact for those wishing to benefit from the experience of others specifically in teacher education as well as a remarkable lack of teacher trainers who are knowledgeable and experienced in the field.

Our approach to this gap is to set up a dedicated network which provides value for its members in terms of the opportunities it provides to expand their knowledge, share their practice and access useful resources. At the heart of this network will be the teacher educators/trainers themselves.



## 59 members, 14 countries (22/11)

Finland

Ireland

Portugal

Belgium

Croatia

Ireland

Serbia

Greece

Italy

Bulgaria

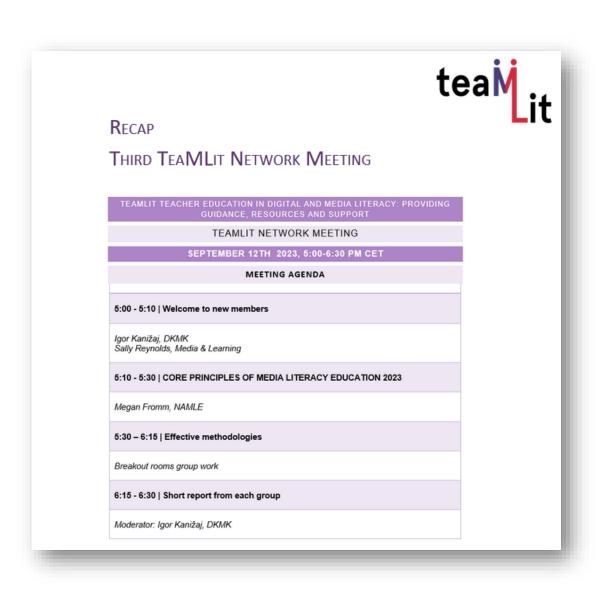
Turkey

Poland

Indonesia

Romania

Estonia



## Members of the Network



- ✓ Master's degree or PhD on media literacy, media and communication etc.
- ✓ In-service educated
- ✓ Non-formal educated from different NGOs like Schoolnet, Mediawijs or DKMK













## Our speakers



Nicola Bruno (OPEN THE BOX)



Megan Fromm (NAMLE)



Yonty Friesem, Media Education Lab director, USA













### Objectives

To establish and support a network with at least 5 members in each partner country (Belgium, Ireland, Germany, Finland and Croatia) and then extend the network to include members in a further 14 countries/regions;

To identify and pilot a minimum of 10 practice scenarios across regional/national borders;

To support dialogue amongst network members to identify gaps in currently available education and training resources used in teacher education and training in media and information literacy



### Resource gap identification

As part of the network creation and support, a specific task will be to canvas network members about gaps in available resources in order to identify the general content and purposes of a minimum set of 5 modular resources to be developed in WP4. This will include a thorough needs analysis amongst the initial members of the network.



#### Strengths

- 1. What are the strengths of MIL education for teachers in your country/organisation?
- 2. What advantages are to mention?
- 3. What do other people say is well in MIL education for teacher educators?
- 4. What is your greatest achievement on MIL in practice?

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#### Weaknesses

What could be improved on MIL in your practice?
 What knowledge, skills and/or resources are lacking with your teacher trainers/teachers?
 3. What disadvantages do you notice?
 4. In which areas is education more needed?
 5. What complaints have you had about your education?



#### Threats

1. What obstacles do educators of MIL face?

2. Who and/or what might cause problems in the future? How?

3. What standards, policies, and/or legislation changes could negatively impact MIL education?

4. Are you competing with others to provide service?

5. Are there changes that could threaten potential success?

#### Opportunities

What can we do to turn mentioned strengths into opportunities?

2. What can we do to turn weaknesses into opportunities?

3. Is there a need that no one is dealing with that is lacking from the list?

4. What could we do today that isn't being done?

5. How is the field of MIL changing? How can we take advantage of those changes?

6. How could we support teacher educators?



## **GROUP 3**

What core principles y of high improtance?

HR: 3+4 = clear what should be done promoting curiosity = is that enough? because harsh trump-supporters believing conspiracies can be curious as well. DO we understand the

DE: 10, 9: questioning power relations

media literacy

images

education should take into consideration

reality: even from a

young age they see

extra: education should take into consideration effects of the use of social media in the class. e.g.: should we use Meta knowing that it is consuming a lot of data of the pupils?

extra: we should know what companies know about us? BE: good that the etical part is in it.
And it is good that it is not defined what is the right etical way. => one should decide after haveing good discussion

also: what is socially responsible (10)? what is ethical responisbality (6)?

What core principles you would not priritize?

HR, 7,8,9,1 could be one principle

age aproprated = that is the rule for all education --> changing to: it starts from a young

> missing: the law about media use? (e.g. what is allowed?)

#### **Media literacy education:**



- Expands the concept of literacy to include all forms of media and integrates multiple literacies in developing mindful media consumers and creators.
- Envisions all individuals as capable learners who use their background, knowledge, skills, and beliefs to create meaning from media experiences.
- Promotes teaching practices that prioritize curious, open-minded, and self-reflective inquiry while emphasizing reason, logic, and evidence.
- **Encourages** learners to practice active inquiry, reflection, and critical thinking about the messages they experience, create, and share across the ever-evolving media landscape.
- Necessitates ongoing skill-building opportunities for learners that are integrated, cross-curricular, interactive, and appropriate for age and developmental stage.
- Supports the development of a participatory media culture in which individuals navigate myriad ethical responsibilities as they create and share media.
- **Recognizes** that media institutions are cultural and commercial entities that function as agents of socialization, commerce, and change.
- Affirms that a healthy media landscape for the public good is a shared responsibility among media and technology companies, governments, and citizens.
- Emphasizes critical inquiry about media industries' roles in society, including how these industries influence, and are influenced by, systems of power, with implications for equity, inclusion, social justice, and sustainability.
- **10** Empowers individuals to be informed, reflective, engaged, and socially responsible participants in a democratic society.

MIL is a transversal topic/subject: crossover multiple disciplines also CHALLENGE

media literacy is

related to a social

believe e.g.

--> SEL in

ML

aspect (whether you

conspiracy theories)

combination with

The media literacy

field has become so

broad, with so many

different areas (such

AI) that it is difficult

areas in depth and,

as algorithms and

to cover all these

as consequence...

Thomas More (Belgium): inquiry of students bachelor primary education: talk to people: what is missing in the school? ==> they have to create something from scratch

All the attention Disinformation and Fake news means there is more attention paid to Media Literacy

given to

mediacoach in every team = good helpline for those who are not that digital literate

using acrhive material => you run behind the facts

budget

Evolve the conversation Act on on fake news

activity?

Weaknesses

Not enough BROADEN resources TOPICS: (AI) Polarisation and hate

speech

attention

to privacy

Language barrier + challenges (translating)

preventive MIL

More training for educators needed

> Lack of pedagogical materials on how to spot fake news & disinfo (Greece)

How MIL can be impemented in differend subjects in school --> challenge

Simply raising awareness is already a good thing

ren

no fixed definition agreed which personally I believe to be a strength this somewhat chaotic situation reflects the chaotic media world in which we live!

the fact that so much of what is good in ML is directly related to the lives of students makes it a 'popular'

ITALY and PORTUGAL

approach - there is no

access to ML for both

students. It is hard to

keep up with the new

- a more systematic

continuity or equal

teachers and

technologies.

**BELGIUM - Teachers** don't know what media literacy is very well, so this makes it harder to convince them to learn and teach

about the media

we are beginning to introduce data/Al/algorythmic literacy next to media literacy. We should include those as part of media literacy

things change rapidly. What is new/unknown/difficul t for studtns one year, is not the next year. What to teach them with eyes on their future job as a teacher within a few years?

> The constantly changing scenario in terms of legislation, regulation etc.

PORTUGAL teachers view ML as something related to technology - so many teachers don't understand why they should learn and teach about ML

critical thinking = essential (because apps, social media, ... change all the time)

no enough

equipment

(hardware) in

Effective

learning

methodologies: Role

playing. Flipped

classroom, peer

good

schools

(croatia)

we need to develop general strategies literacies (reading, listening, visuals...)

how to build portunities an effective media literacy

> reading comprehension is already going done. also need to work on visual and listening comprehension

that work for several

### Practice scenario

They include training courses and workshops aimed at teachers, courses and schemes set up to motivate, reward or encourage teachers to take part in such learning. They will then establish opportunities for network members to **test** out at least 10 of these practice scenarios in a cross-region or cross-border setting either through twinning, mentoring or piloting





LINA PRANAITYTE, HSE

SPAGHETTI TREE - INTRODUCTION INTO CRITICAL MEDIA LITERACY QUESTIONS

Original language: German

#### PROGRAM CREATED FOR

- → In service teachers in secondary school
- → To use with pupils from 9 to 15 years
- → Duration: 45 minutes (one school hour)

#### FORMAT

- Video watching with group work and discussion following
- → Short guide how to lead group work and discussion after the video
- → Suggested further reading on the topic (for teachers and teacher educators)
- → Video (2:38min): https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=tVo\_wkxH9

#### TOPICS OF THE SCENARIO

- Unpacking a hoax video of the spaghetti harvest;
- 2. Practicing steps for questioning multimodal media;
- 3. Questioning the credibility of media messages;
- 4. Deconstructing design, narration, voice, language, genre;
- Acquiring skills to apply critical media literacy framework questions.

#### PRACTICE STEPS

- Video watching (2:38min);
- Short pair exchange;
- Class discussion sharing the reflections from pair exchange
- Class discussion teacher leading the discussion in deconstructing the multimodal media language of a hoax video.

### HOW TO USE MATERIALS – EXAMPLE PRESENTED IN TEAMLIT NETWORK MEETING

→ Spaghetti tree – introduction into critical media literacy questions (for 9 to 15 year-old pupils)

# Practice scenario from Germany



Pretraživanje

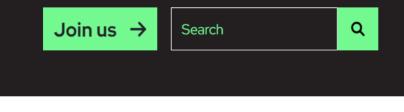


BBC: Spaghetti-Harvest in Ticino | Switzerland Tourism

## Practice scenario from Ireland

News & Events MLI Awards ▼



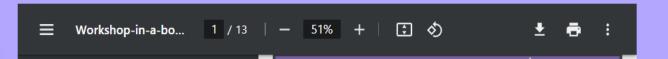


Training & Development

## **Workshop in Box**

The workshop in a box provides teachers, librarians, community leaders and other learning facilitators with the resources they need to deliver a media literacy workshop. The aim of the workshop is to discuss with participants best practices in engaging with digital media content, and raise awareness about the disinformation problem and its impact on the society.

About MLI ▼



www.bemediasmart.ie

#### **HEALTH AND MEDIA**

Think about your media usage and mental health over the past week.

#### SLEEP AND REST

Did I sleep well?

Did I resist checking my phone at night?

Was I able to concentrate on things at school or work?

Did I remember to wind down, relax and take breaks during the day?

#### RELATIONSHIPS AND EMOTIONS

Have I told people that I care about how I feel, either on screen or face to face?

Have I been there for the people who are important to me?

Have I been a part of a group?

### DIGITAL SKILLS

Do I know how to do life admin tasks online?

Am I willing to learn how to use new digital devices?

Do I know how to take care of online privacy?

**VALUES** affect my choices and what I do.

What is important to me?

What kind of balanced media-related choices did I make today?

### HOBBIES AND CREATIVITY

Has my screen time been in proportion to my time spent doing other things?

Have I used my smart device for something that feeds my imagination or creativity?

## EXERCISE AND MINDFULNESS

Have I used smart devices to find ways to exercise that I like?

Have I remembered to be mindful of my body and what it needs?

Do I understand how the media affects my perception of myself and others?

## FOOD AND EATING HABITS

When I was eating, did I enjoy the company of others in addition to the food?

Have I been eating regularly?

Have I taken time away from my smart devices to eat in peace?





# Practice scenario from Finland



ARTIKKELIT MEDIAKASVATUS SEURA MATERIAALIT TOIMINTA LIITY OTA YHTEYTTÄ IN ENGLISH

## Infographic: The hand of mental health and media

A prosperous mind is the cornerstone and a resource of a balanced media behaviour, consisting of many different things. The accompanying infographic The hand of mental health and media encourages and helps young people to identify the factors that affect their media behaviour and wellbeing from the perspective of mental well-being.

The material has been produced in collaboration with <u>MIELI Mental Health Finland</u>. The material is based on the <u>Mielenterveyden käsi infographic</u>.

ASSIGNMENT

## **Upcoming TeaMLit Network meeting**



Tuesday 9 January 2024: 11:00-12:30 CEST









