



www.ai4t.eu

 [@ai4t_project](https://twitter.com/ai4t_project)



AI4T
AI FOR TEACHERS

Anthony Kilcoyne (IR)



The AI4T project

- Erasmus+ Key Action 3 project

Support to policy development and cooperation

- Duration: 36 months

February 2021 – February 2024

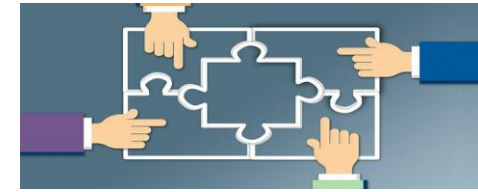
- Participating countries:

France, Slovenia, Italy, Ireland and Luxembourg

- 17 partners



Partnership and Project organisation



17 Partners
5 WPs

Ministries & National Entities

- France Education International – FEI (FR) – **Leader and coordinator of WP0 Management**
- Ministère de l'Éducation Nationale, de la Jeunesse (FR)
- Dublin West Education Centre (IR)
- Ministero dell'Istruzione e del Merito (IT) – (associated partner) **Leader of WP1 Experimentation**
- Service de Coordination de la Recherche et de l'Innovation pédagogiques et technologiques (LU)
- Ministry of Education (SI) – **Leader of the WP4 Dissemination and Communication**

Research labs

- Institut National de Recherche en Sciences et Technologies du Numérique – INRIA (FR)
- Université de Nantes (LS2N) (FR) – **Leader of WP2 Training architecture and resources**
- Université de Lorraine (LORIA) (FR)
- H2 Learning (IR) Leader of the WP5 - Quality assurance
- University of Maribor (SI)
- Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche – CNR (IT)

Evaluators

- Conservatoire National des Arts et Métiers (FR) - **Leader of WP3 evaluation**
- Dublin City University (IR)
- Istituto Nazionale di Documentazione, per l'Innovazione e la Ricerca Educativa (IT)
- Université du Luxembourg (LU)
- Educational Research Centre (SI)



The AI4T project



Why?

- Support secondary school teachers in the use of AI in the classroom.
- Create a professional learning pathway that promotes the meaningful use of AI resources in the classroom.
- Address contextualisation, acceptability, relevance and usefulness in an educational context.



For whom ?

Teachers of **mathematics**, **science**, and **modern English** languages with classes of students aged 15-17.



What?

From November **2022 to June 2023**, a total of 1,005 educators from 302 schools in the five countries participated in **the AI4T professional learning pathway** large scale experimentation, which included online sessions, face-to-face meetings, webinars, AI4T MOOC and an open textbook.

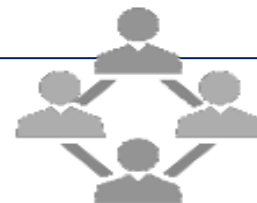


Project overview

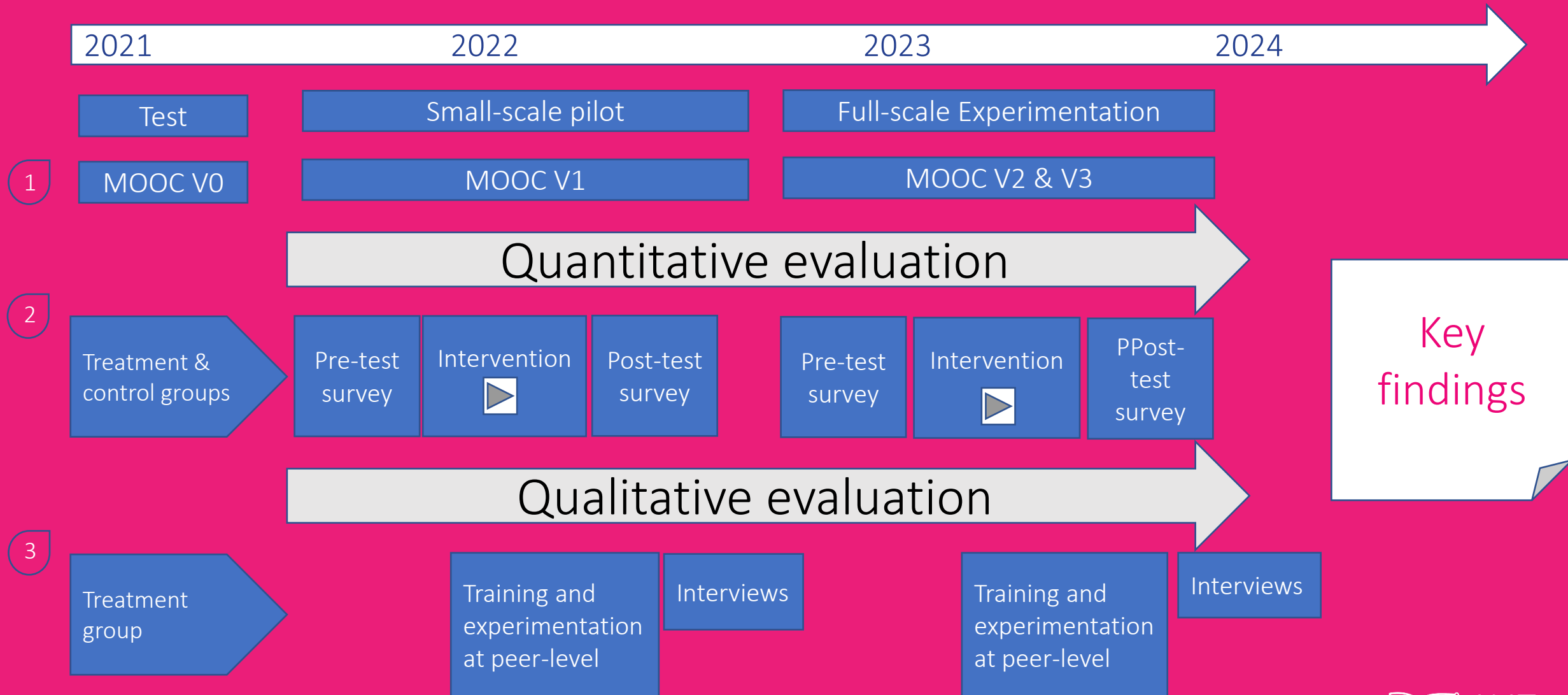


4 Main Phases

- **Phase 1:** Preparation phase - During the first semester of the project, evaluation tools were prepared and training architecture was created. French IAI MOOC by INRIA and Class'code was adapted to other national contexts.
- **Phase 2:** A small-scale experimentation took place in the five countries during the school year 2021-2022, with a small number of schools
- **Phase 3:** Large scale implementation 2022-2023
- **Phase 4:** Impact study. Policy recommendations will be addressed to policy stakeholders.



Project timeline - Evaluation



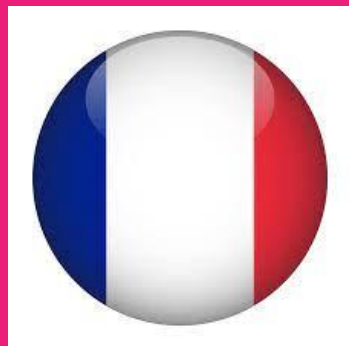
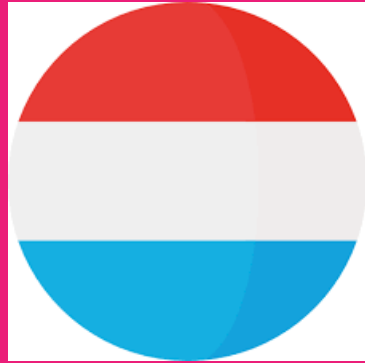
Key elements of Teacher Training

Pedagogical framework

- **5 MAIN OBJECTIVES**
 - **O1** General understanding of how AI works
 - **O2** AI tools for education
 - **O3** AI in other software tools(in the classroom and outside)
 - **O4** Indirect effect AI can have on education
 - **O5** Ethics
- **TRAINING PATH:** MOOC, textbook, webinars, videos, Zoom_in meetings/networking events
- **RESOURCES:** common shared proposal of a set of interactive activities for the webinars or in-presence meetings



The evaluation



738 teachers

204 school leaders

7551 students completed the questionnaires

88 teachers and 18 school leaders were interviewed.



The evaluation

The evaluation findings shed light on:

- the state of teachers' knowledge, perceptions and use of AI in five countries at the beginning of the experiment
- the impact of providing professional learning pathways to teachers on their knowledge, perceptions and use of AI in five countries
- the factors influencing the successes or challenges of the intervention and the adjustments that could be made based on teachers' and school leaders' insights



The evaluation method

- **A randomized controlled trial:** comparison between a group of teachers taking part in the professional learning pathway and a control group
- **A variety of evaluation instruments:** surveys, interviews, digital traces



Main results

Teachers' pre-experiment perceptions, knowledge and use of AI

- Positive attitude towards AI for education
- Moderate knowledge of AI
- Limited use of AI tools for education

Impact study

- Generally no impact on teachers' perceptions of AI
- Significant impact on teachers' knowledge of AI
- Limited impact on AI use

Feedback from participants

- High level of satisfaction with each part of the professional learning pathways
- Demand for more practical aspects
- Limited access to AI tools



Sample

		France	Ireland	Italy	Luxembourg	Slovenia	Total
<i>Number of teachers</i>		180	14	275	10	257	736
<i>Percentage of teachers per subject</i>	<i>Math</i>	55%	50%	31.6%	30%	44.3%	42.1%
	<i>Modern language</i>	40.6%	43%	35.6%	50%	35.8%	37.2%
	<i>Other</i>	4.4%	7%	32.8%	20%	19.9%	20.7%

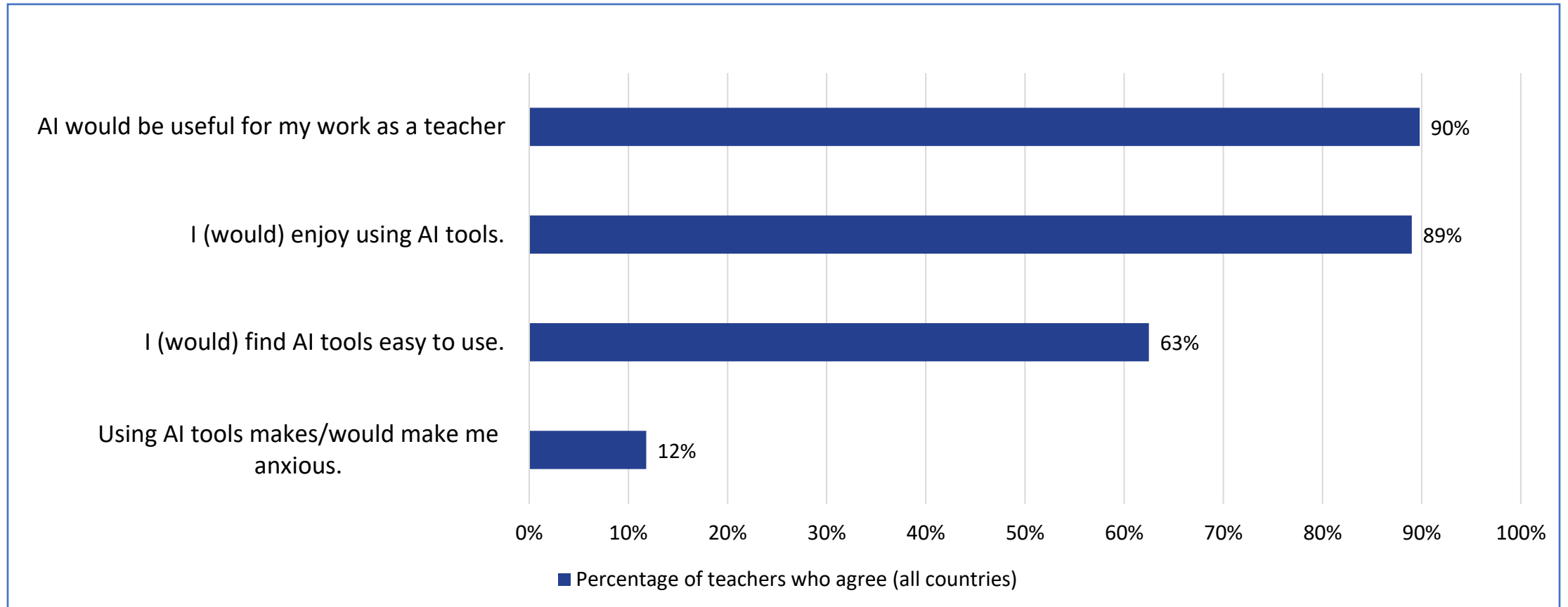
Particularity: volunteer teachers



Teachers' pre-experiment perceptions, knowledge and use of AI

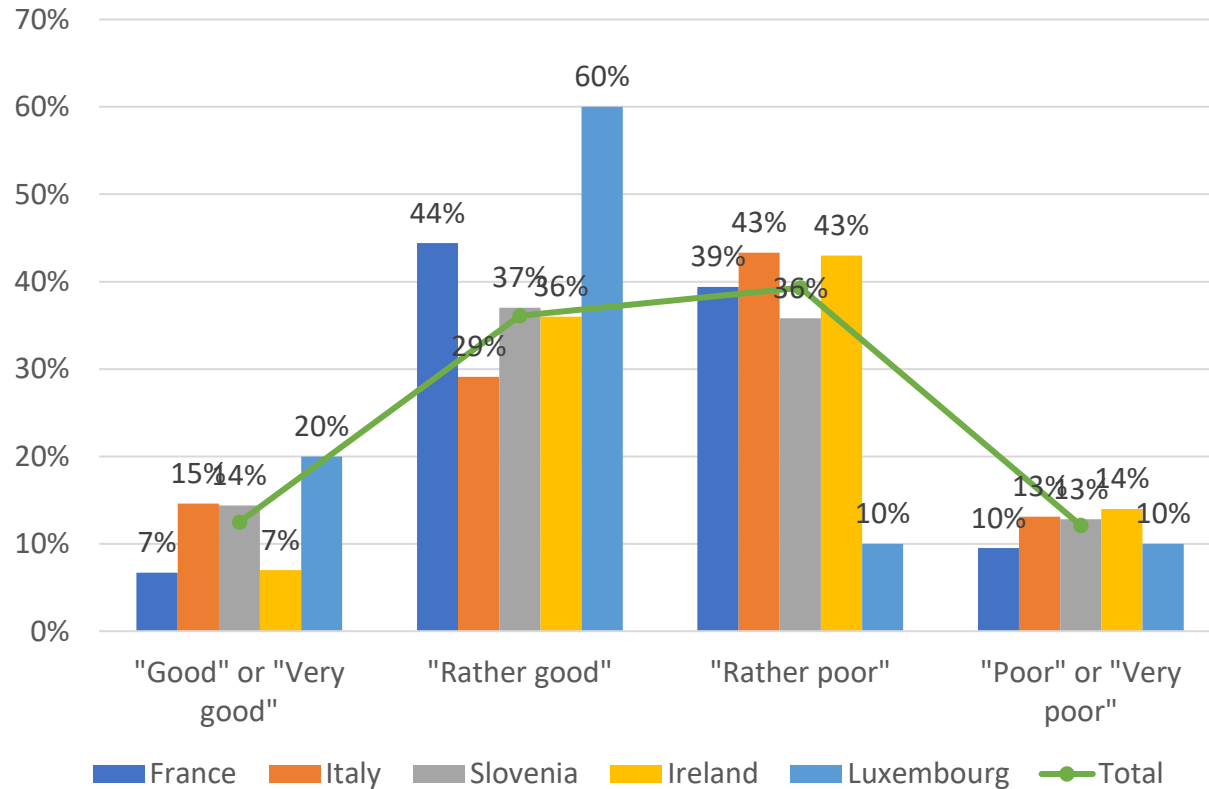


Teachers' pre-experiment perceptions of AI

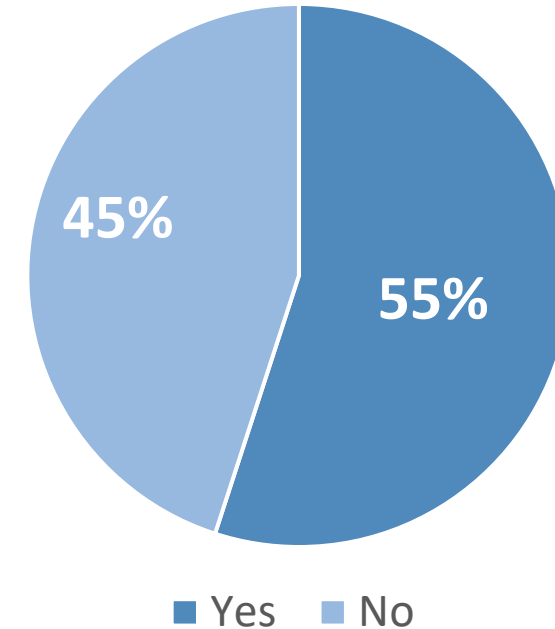


Teachers' pre-experiment knowledge of AI

How would you rate your knowledge of AI?

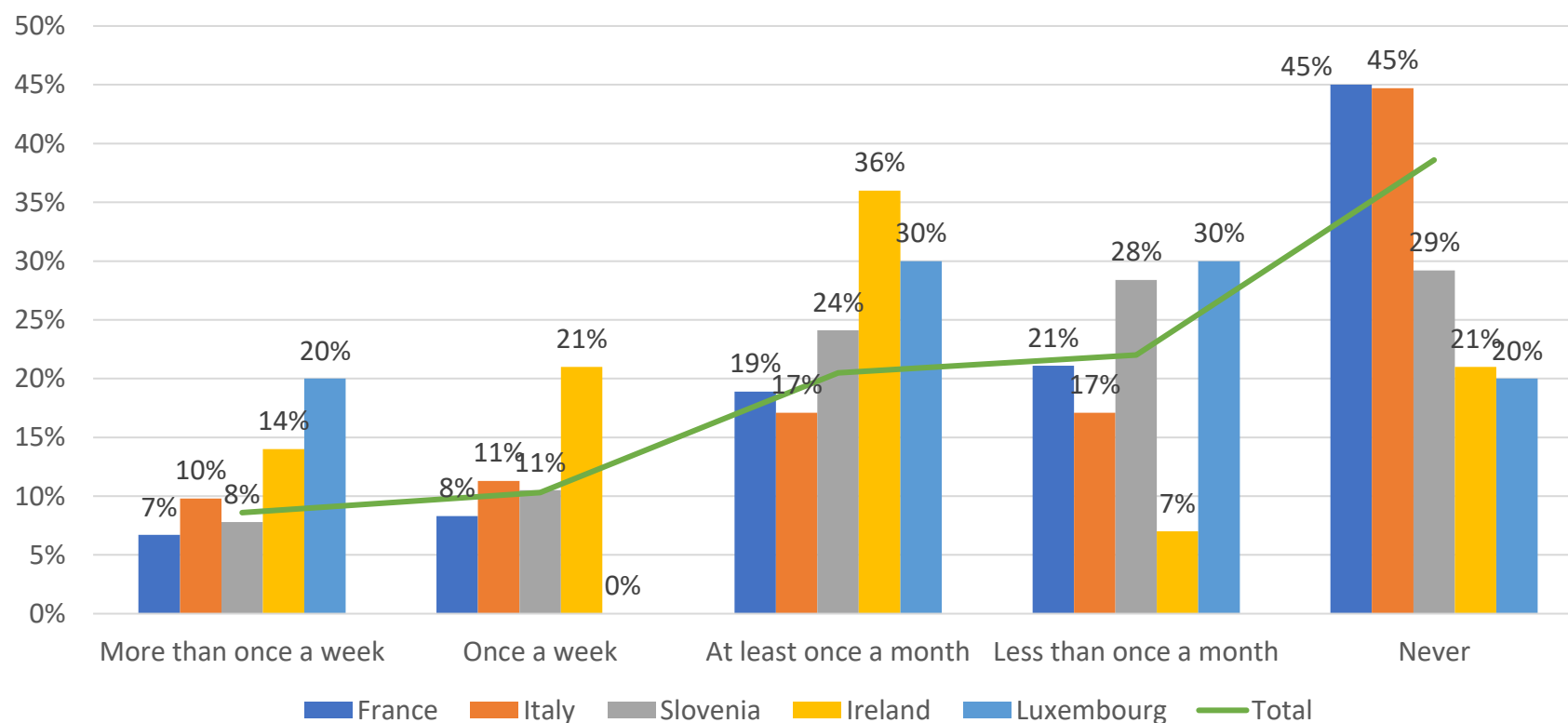


Can you give an example of an AI tool that could be used for an educational purpose? (all countries)



Teachers' pre-experiment use of AI

Teachers' use of AI tools for education



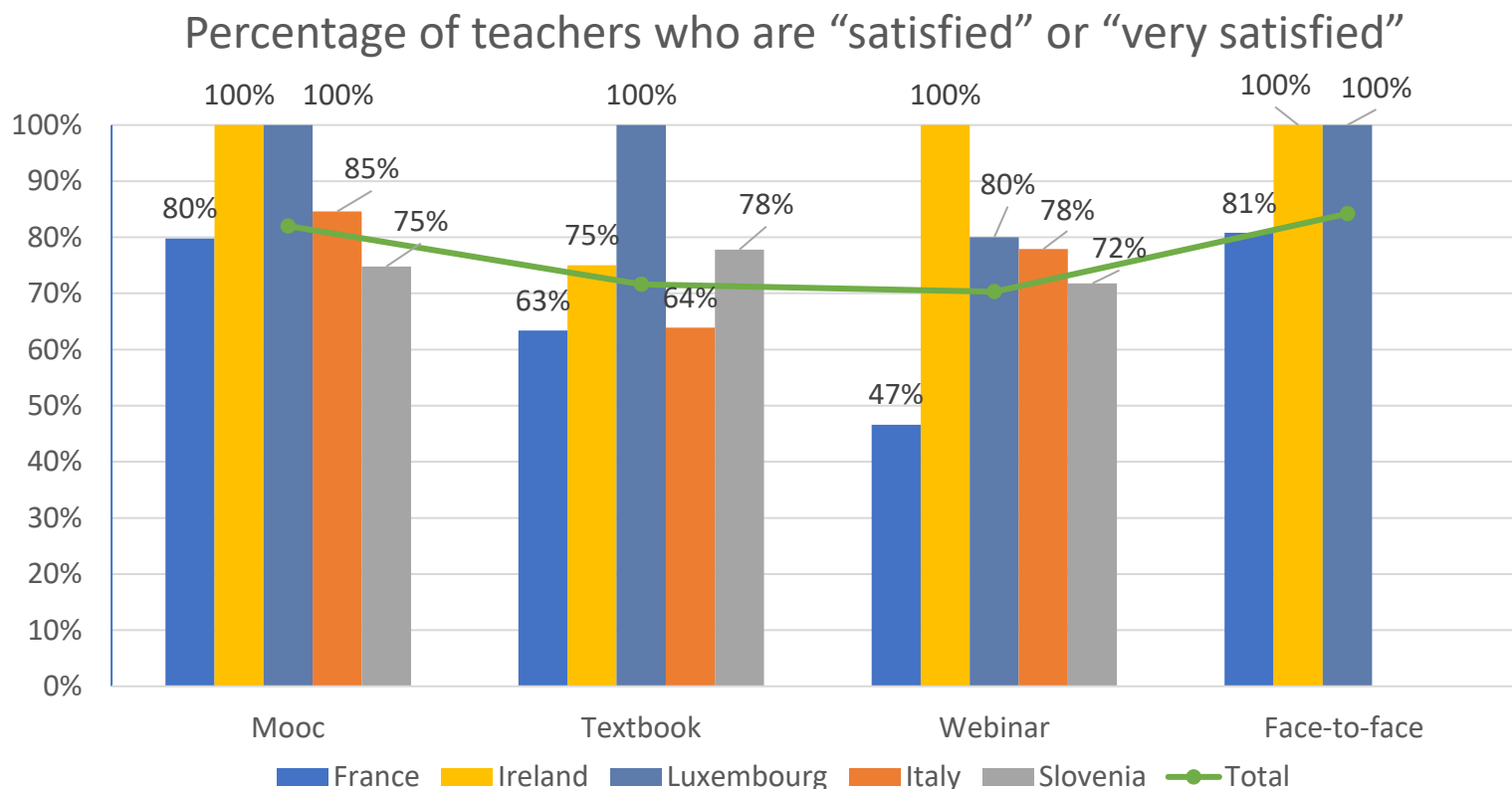
33% of Slovenian math teachers used Photomath and 51% asked their students to use it

58% of language teachers used machine translators (all countries)

Evaluation of the professional learning pathways



Satisfaction with the intervention



Reasons why teachers were satisfied:

- Quality of content*
- Quality of pedagogical team*
- Peer-to-peer interactions*
- Blended-learning (or interactive webinars in Italy)*

Impact of the intervention on teachers' knowledge of AI

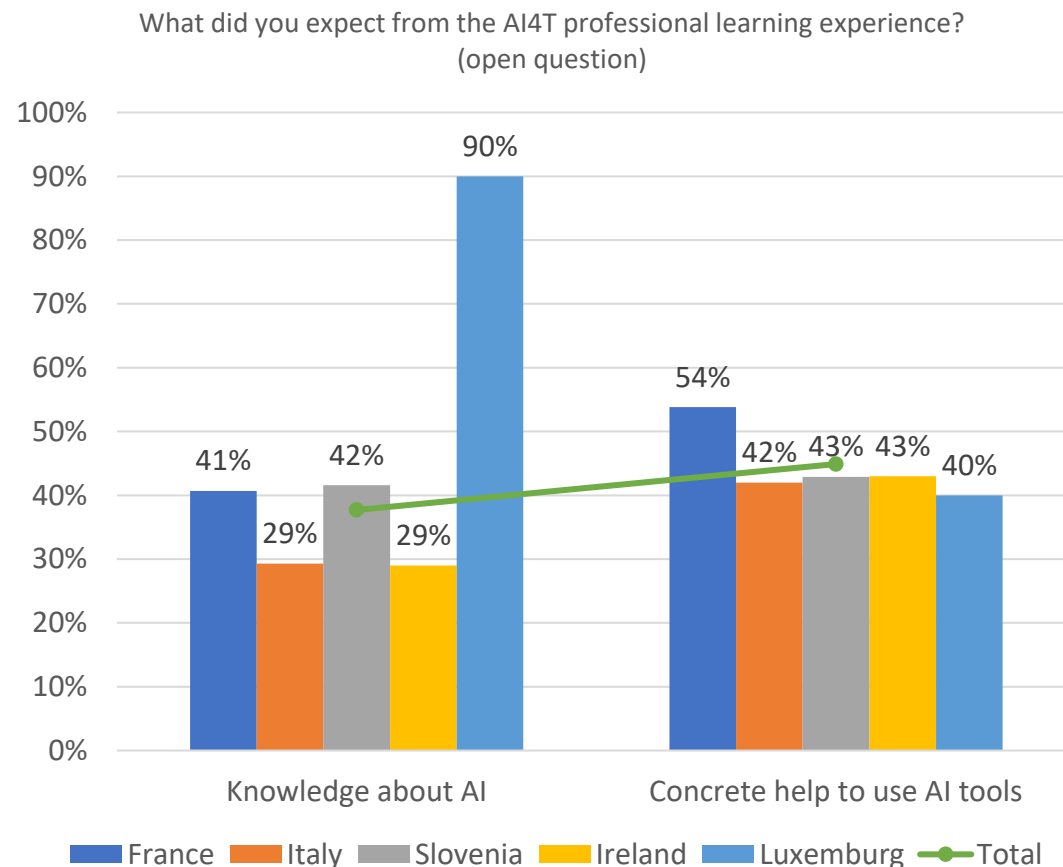
Countries*	Self-assessment of knowledge of AI	Knowledge of how AI works	Familiarity with AI technologies	Identification of AI tools as AI
France	↗	n.s*	↗	↗
Italy	↗	↗	↗	↗
Slovenia	↗	↗	↗	↗

“I learned a lot. What AI is, how it works, how to use it. I’ve also had a glimpse of the future – where education is going.”

*In Ireland and Luxembourg, similar trends are observed on all indicators.

*n.s: non-significant

A demand for more practicality



“I expected more concrete situations from the classroom. How to apply this in a concrete situation. Not so much the theoretical part, although I know we need to know that too. But I would have liked to have been told: in the second year, when dealing with vectors, we can do this and that with the help of AI.”

Main barriers for the use of AI

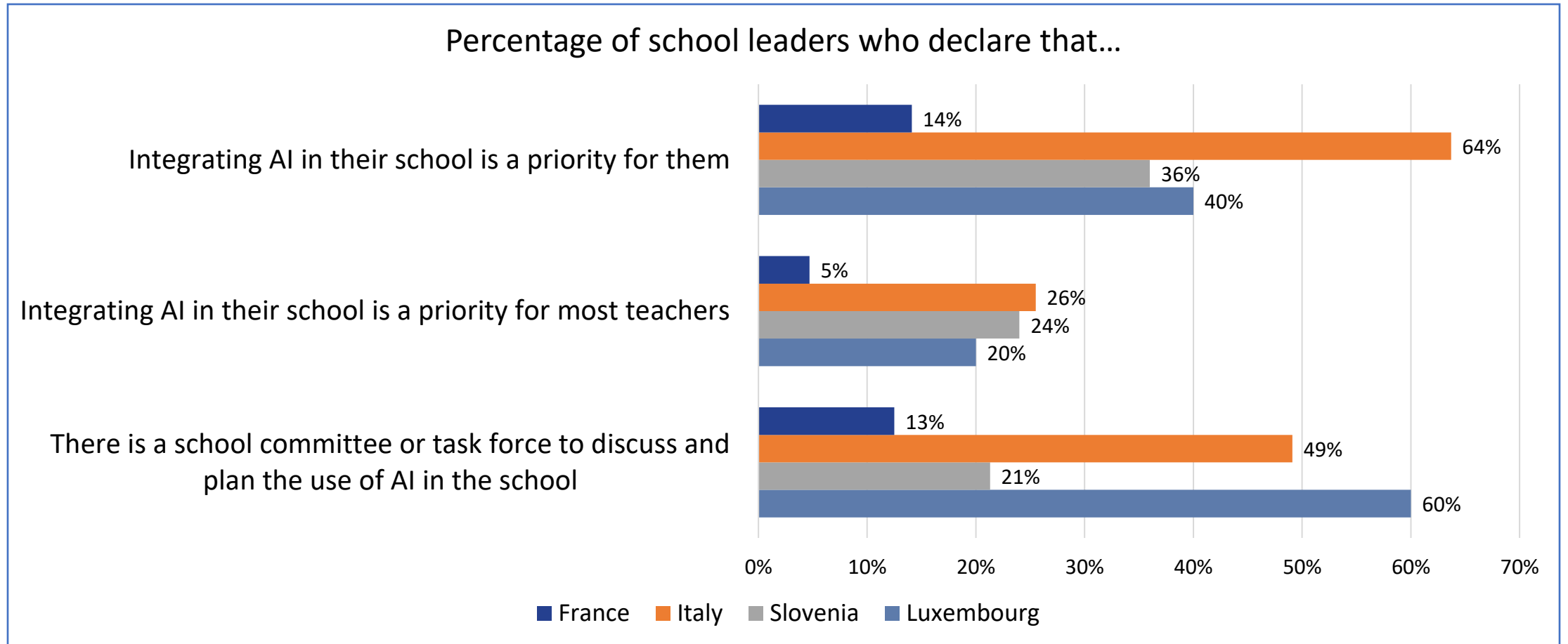
Access to AI tools is complicated by:

- Licence fees
- Non-GDPR compliance and/or directives from administrative authorities prohibiting the use of specific tools
- Tools not tailored to specific school types or grade levels

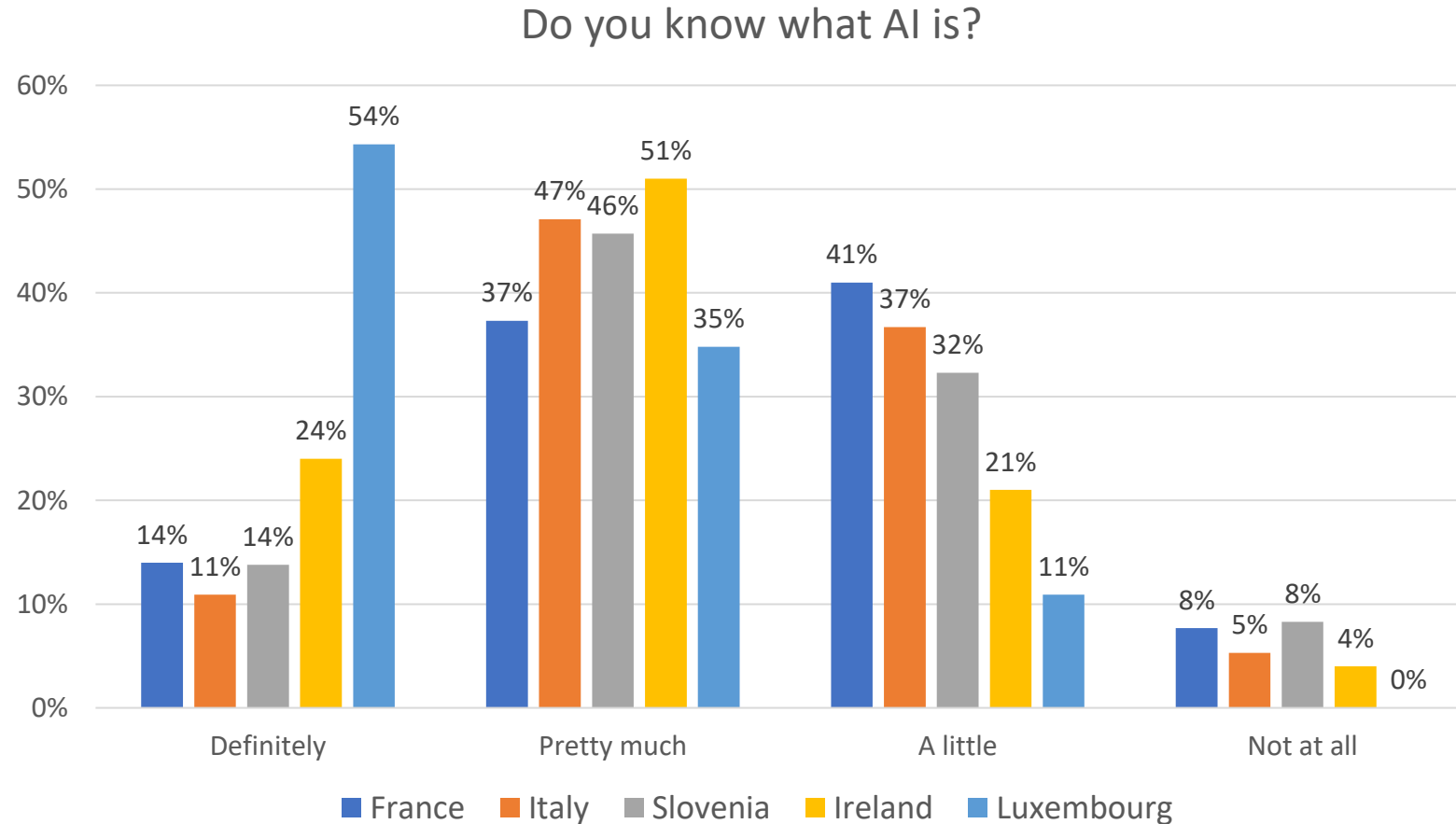
“We talked about ChatGPT, things like that, but it's a bit delicate to use it. We haven't really discovered a tool that we can use well, authorized by everyone, I believe.”



AI integration in the schools

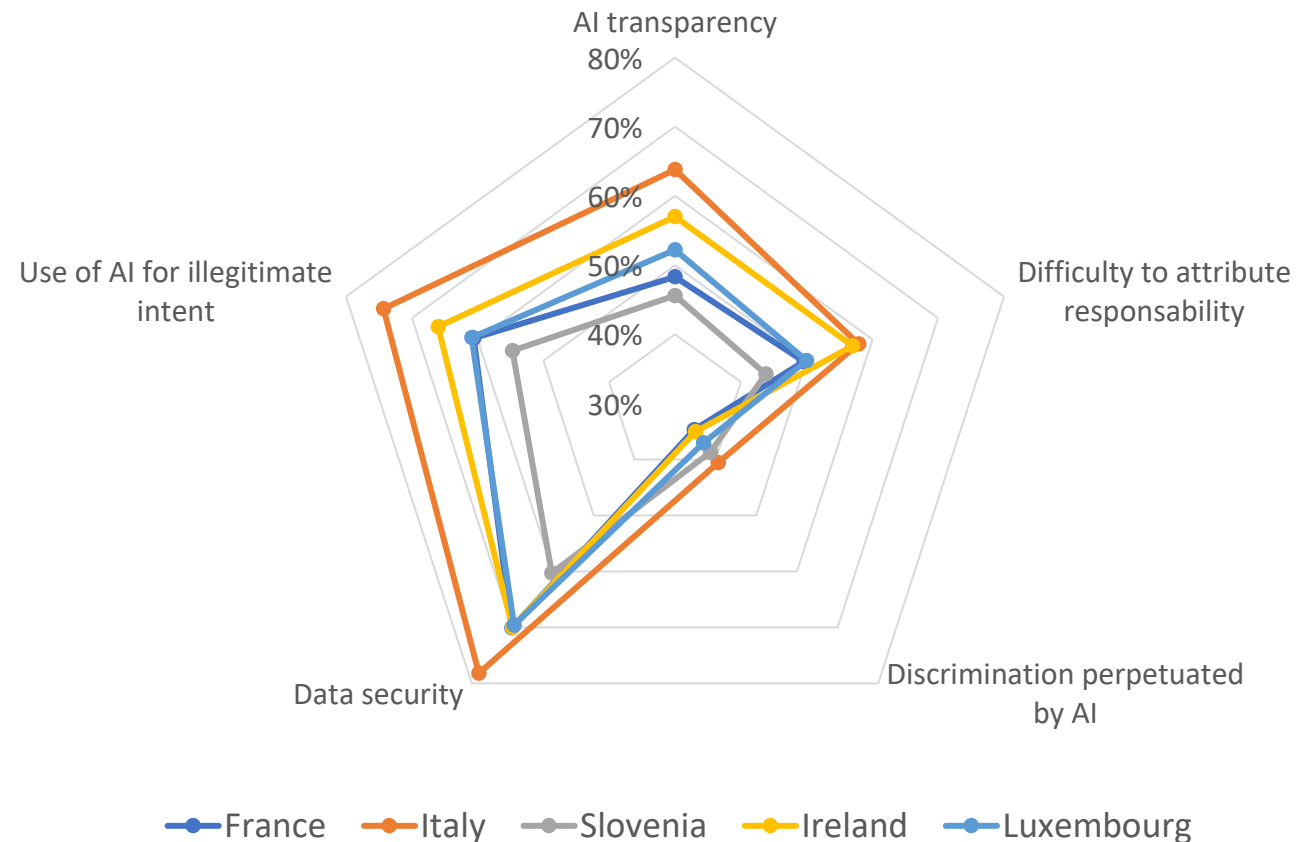


What about students?



What about students?

Student awareness of ethical issues



Synthesis – differences between countries

France

Pre-experiment: medium knowledge of AI; low prior use of AI tools

Expectations: practical first

Impact: impact on use limited to math teachers with high levels of self-efficacy for technology

Feedback: high satisfaction

Italy

Pre-experiment: medium knowledge of AI; low prior use of AI tools

Expectations: practical first

Impact: impact on use

Feedback: high satisfaction

Slovenia

Pre-experiment: medium knowledge of AI; higher prior use of AI tools

Expectations: practical & theory

Impact: impact on use limited to teachers with low levels of self-efficacy for technology

Feedback: high satisfaction

Ireland

Pre-experiment: medium knowledge of AI; higher prior use of AI tools

Expectations: practical first

Feedback: high satisfaction

Luxembourg

Pre-experiment: higher knowledge of AI; higher prior use of AI tools

School context: higher school incentives for AI integration

Expectations: theory first

Feedback: high satisfaction

Insights from teachers and school leaders to support the use of AI in education

- **Offering professional development on AI to teachers:** prioritizing practical application with theoretical inputs and offering opportunities for interactions with both instructors and peers
- **Providing teachers access to AI tools:**
 - Access needs to be effective (allowed, free or paid for in the long term)
 - Tools provided should be adapted to school types and grade levels
 - Prioritize tools that alleviate the workload on administrative tasks, lesson creation or correction and that enhance teachers' ability to understand their students, analyse their difficulties and personalise teaching
- **Ensuring an ethical setting for the use of AI:** data protection and prevention against malicious use (surveillance, influence of private interests, etc.)



PROJECT BENEFITS

TEACHERS

- Access to professional development training
- Participate in e-community on AI in education
- Develop and share best practices of their professional development

RESEARCHERS

- Research and participate to the further development of AI for teachers
- Cooperate and develop continuous professional development programme plan and resources
- Monitor pilot implementation, collect data and evaluate and disseminate

POLICY MAKERS

- Validated model on teacher training on AI
- Impact evaluation of the pilot and developed model
- Policy recommendations at national and EU level

Educational Recommendations





AI4T
AI FOR TEACHERS

THANK YOU!

